

## AN INTERNATIONAL TRADE "DOLLAR" AS A SUBSTITUTE FOR GOLD PLAN OF HITCHCOCK

### AMERICAN OPEN DOOR PROGRAM ACCEPTED BY CONFERENCE

#### WOULD CONDUCT WORLD BUSINESS ON CREDIT BASIS

Proposes a Bank of Nations With  
the United States as Ma-  
jority Stockholder.

#### AMERICA TO HAVE THE MAJORITY OF DIRECTORS

Credit Represents the Difference  
Between the Vast Busi-  
ness Enterprises.

(By The Associated Press)

NEW YORK, Jan. 18.—A bank of nations, with the United States as majority stockholder, an international trade "dollar" as a substitute for gold and conduct of world business on a credit instead of a cash basis, were advocated by United States Senator Hitchcock of Nebraska in an address today before the American Manufacturers' Export association here.

Senator Hitchcock discussed a bill which he has introduced in the senate providing for establishing such a bank of nations, with \$2,400,000,000 capital. The United States, he said, would hold 1,300,000,000 of the stock and bankers, importers and exporters of this country another \$200,000,000, leaving the remaining \$900,000,000 to be purchased by the leading nations of the world through the president.

The United States, by virtue of its stockholdings, would choose 13 of the bank's 24 directors. Headquarters would be at New York. The directors would have power to issue currency to be known as the international dollar, which would eliminate the continual shipment of gold between countries, according to Senator Hitchcock's plan.

Asserting that "credit represents the difference between the vast business enterprises of civilized man and the insignificant operations of primitive man," Senator Hitchcock told the association that practical collapse of commerce is due to the fact that nations are "trying to do business for cash."

Nations, within their own boundaries, conduct nine-tenths of their business on credit, the senator said, adding that if the United States or any other nation suddenly was compelled to do business for cash there would be an enormous shrinkage of business. Business between this country and Europe has been slashed in half in a single year, he asserted, because America demands cash on delivery and Europe cannot pay.

Speaking of the enormous amount of gold now in the United States banks, Senator Hitchcock said:

"We ought to use it as a basis for currency and seize this opportunity to make the international dollar the money of the world, the medium of exchange between countries. If we do not do this our gathering of all the gold here in the United States is worse than folly. It would be almost an international crime. We are playing 'dog in the manger' with it. We have drawn it here and have very much more than we are using."

#### GEORGIA MAN IS JAILED FOR SHOOTING HIS WIFE

(By The Associated Press)

TOCOGA, Ga., Jan. 18.—William Waters, operator of a store here, has been placed in the Stephens county jail in connection with the shooting of his wife late last night. The woman has been taken to a hospital at Gainesville, where doctors found a bullet entered her breast and passed entirely through her body. Waters says the shooting was accidental.

#### NO VERDICT IS REACHED IN STUBBS MURDER CASE

(By The Associated Press)

FITZGERALD, Ga., Jan. 18.—The jury in the case of Fred Stubbs, charged with the murder of W. T. Reed, engineer of the Atlanta, Birmingham & Atlantic railroad, has failed to reach a verdict after more than 50 hours' deliberation. In the event of a failure to reach an agreement early tomorrow, it is expected that Judge O. E. Gower will discharge the jury.

#### DOCTORS FEAR POPE MAY SUFFER COMPLICATIONS

(By The Associated Press)

ROME, Jan. 18.—The condition of Pope Benedict, says the Stefani News bureau, basing its information on a reliable source, is causing some concern, the fever during the day having reached 103.3. The bronchial catarrh is very diffuse. On account of the pope's age, 67 years, the attending physicians fear complication.

#### WILL HAYS MAKES AN OFFICIAL ANNOUNCEMENT OF RETIREMENT AS U. S. POSTMASTER - GENERAL



WILL HAYS

#### HUGE WHALE CUT IN TWO BY BOAT

Passengers Tell Story About  
How Large Mammal Is  
Killed in Mid-Atlantic.

(By The Associated Press)

NEW YORK, Jan. 18.—The story of a 75-foot whale, which was neatly cleaved in two by the prow of the Italian line President Wilson, was related by passengers when the vessel docked here today.

The President Wilson was sailing in mid-Atlantic when the whale was sighted lying directly across the course of the vessel, 150 passengers lined the rails to see what would happen.

Passengers along the port rail heard a crash as the bow struck the huge mammal, saw the water turn pink and saw the head of the whale float astern. Those on the starboard rail experienced the same sensation—only they saw the tail float astern.

#### BIDS RECEIVED FOR WORK ON SOLDIER'S HOSPITAL

(By The Associated Press)

WASHINGTON, Jan. 18.—More than 50 bids were received today by the treasury for construction and mechanical equipment work on the soldiers' hospital at Augusta, Ga.

The low bids for each of the two classes of work were:  
Main construction work for the building, the Northeastern Construction company of New York, \$263,000.  
Mechanical equipment work, plumbing, boilers, electrical, etc., Nolan-Clifford company of Newport News, Va., \$134,962.

Decisions as to the awards on the bids probably will be made within a week, officials said. Officials stated it was expected that from \$75,000 to \$100,000 additional work would be done on the Augusta hospital.

#### BIG REAL ESTATE DEAL AT CAPITAL

Col. Appleyard to Erect New  
Building and Install Modern  
Printing Plant.

(Special to The Journal)

TALLAHASSEE, Jan. 18.—A real estate deal of more than ordinary importance was consummated this week when Col. Thomas J. Appleyard purchased of Lewis M. Lively the lot at the northeast corner of Capitol square commonly known as the Agnew lot. The consideration has not been made public.

It is understood that Colonel Appleyard will erect on this lot, which is diagonally across the street from his present printing plant, one of the most modern and complete printing establishments in the south. It is said that plans are now being drawn by H. J. Klutho, architect, of Jacksonville and that building will probably commence about March 1.

#### STATE RESTS IN DAVIS MURDER CASE AT MACON

(By The Associated Press)

MACON, Ga., Jan. 18.—The state rested today and some of the testimony for the defense was presented in the case of J. M. Davis on trial of a charge of murder in connection with the fatal shooting of his wife's brother-in-law, Elmer Jones, on Dec. 19 of last year.

#### Will Become Directing Head of New National Association of Motion Picture Producers.

(By The Associated Press)

NEW YORK, Jan. 18.—Will H. Hays will become directing head of the new National Association of Motion Picture Producers and Distributors, "immediately after March 4," it was announced tonight at a dinner at which the postmaster general was the guest of a group of motion picture officials. Mr. Hays' formal resignation from President Harding's cabinet will be presented soon, it was said.

Mr. Hays announced that he had signed a contract which makes him executive head of the organization. His salary, reported as tentatively fixed at \$150,000 a year, was not announced.

"The purpose of the association, will be to attain and maintain the highest possible standard of motion picture production and to develop to the highest degree the moral and education value of the industry," said Mr. Hays.

"I believe in the earnestness and integrity of their determination to carry out these purposes and am convinced of the possibilities of very large plans and successful consummation. My service will begin immediately after March 4th, next."

A statement issued by the producers expressed confidence in Mr. Hays' ability to direct the inquiry to its predestined place of importance in the civilization of today and tomorrow.

"The public will find we will follow the leadership of Mr. Hays with that faithfulness and enthusiasm which he has never failed to inspire," it added.

"We are both proud and happy in our association with Mr. Hays and we look forward to the future with perfect confidence."

The producers whose names appeared on the formal announcement as the committee in charge of the forming of association were Adolph Zukor, William Fox, Marcus Lowe, Lewis J. Selznick, R. C. Cole, Samuel Goldwyn, and Carl Laemmle.

#### COAL WORKERS ASK FOR WAGE ADVANCE

When the New Contract Is  
Signed They Want Higher  
Pay Than Before.

(By The Associated Press)

SHAMOKIN, Pa., Jan. 18.—Following up the declaration of their leaders that there must be no backward step in the negotiations for a new contract to take the place of the present one, which expires March 31, the anthracite mine workers, in convention here are preparing to ask for advances above the present basic rates.

The scale committee of the convention met tonight and considered all propositions presented to it by locals. Prior to the meeting, District President T. Kennedy of Hazleton said he expected the convention would be asked to approve a demand for an increase between 15 and 20 per cent with a uniform wage rate for all classes of employees in the coal fields.

President John L. Lewis said that if the minimum wage in the anthracite fields were raised to five dollars a day it still would be \$2.50 lower a day than in the bituminous districts. Other demands also will be presented, such as a shorter work day for men employed more than eight hours a day and the establishment of the check off. The check off, Lewis said, would be presented to the anthracite operators under new conditions. Heretofore, he said, the hard coal miners had always resisted the check off on the ground that it was illegal. The United States court of appeals at Chicago, he said, had decided the check off was legal and that with this decision the "ghost of illegality" has been eliminated from the operators' argument.

Mr. Lewis made it known that the bituminous miners would also ask an increase in wages. Soft-coal agreements in the central competitive fields expire at the same time the contracts in the hard coal regions end.

#### BRITISH BOAT WITH BOOZE LIMPS INTO NEW YORK BAY

(By The Associated Press)

NEW YORK, Jan. 18.—The British motor schooner Bertha A., laden with 1,800 cases of liquor from the Bahamas, limped into port today with her bow smashed and two feet of water in her hold. Her captain reported that his craft had been run down by the steamship Sheffield while he lay at anchor 15 miles southeast of Atlantic highways. The captain said he had cleared for St. John N. B. with no port of call scheduled for the United States.

#### PERSHING IS OPPOSED TO CUT IN ARMY

Further Reduction of the En-  
listed Strength Would Be  
Detrimental to Country.

#### MANY TROOPS ARE NEEDED OUTSIDE UNITED STATES

Troops Available at Home Less  
Than One-Tenth of One  
Percent of Population.

(By The Associated Press)

WASHINGTON, Jan. 18.—General Pershing took the leadership today in opposition to the reduction of the enlisted strength of the regular army when he told the house military committee that "under present conditions, both at home and abroad, the total regular force is the least that we should think of maintaining, especially when we consider the manifold duties it is called upon to perform and it is urgently recommended that no further reduction be made."

"Under the pressure of economic conditions, the size of the regular army was restricted by the appropriation act of 1921 to 150,000 men," said General Pershing. "This requires reorganization and readjustment have now been completed. About 11,000, including one peace strength division and coast defense troops, have been allotted to the Philippine Islands, 15,000 similarly organized to the Hawaiian Islands, and 12,500 to the Panama Canal Zone. This leaves slightly over 100,000 for service within the United States, from which must be deducted the army of occupation in Germany. Of those at home there are combat troops organized actively into three infantry divisions, one cavalry division, with some unattached brigades and regiments. Omitting the staff organizations and coast defense troops, they would, when completed number 70,000 to 75,000 troops for field service. These troops constitute our expeditionary forces to meet any sudden emergency, and serve to protect our borders, when available they may assist in the instruction of the national guard and reserves in their respective areas. These home troops have a very important function to fulfill as a reliable national police force."

"The regular troops within the United States proper, available for immediate service, constitute less than one tenth of one per cent of the entire population."

After Chairman McKenzie had declared that although the subcommittee which recommended disposal of scores of army tracts did not wish to do anything that would "cripple or destroy" the efficiency of the military service, it felt that further economies must be put into effect by either cutting down the size of the army or the number of camps and the activities undertaken by various units, General Pershing asserted that he was opposed to this vocational training stuff. Side line activities, he added, should be disposed with.

Chairman Kahn remarked there was a feeling in the house that altogether too much money was being used for military purposes.

"That's a condition that confronts this committee," he declared. "We are anxious to carry out the recommendations of the war department when they appear well advised, but I must admit that in the past year we were beaten on several propositions on the floor of the house."

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#### CARNIVAL COMMITTEE MAKES REPORT TODAY

A meeting of the Carnival Association will be held in the San Carlos hotel this afternoon at 3 o'clock at which time the special committee detailed to solicit subscriptions for the purpose of holding the carnival will make a report. To put on this celebration it will mean an expenditure of not less than \$3,500, a part of which has already been subscribed. A committee headed by Chairman Bayliss has been at work calling on the business and professional men of the city seeking support of the proposition. This committee will make a report of whatever success it has met at the meeting this afternoon.

#### PRACTICAL RESULTS ARE BEING REALIZED BY ORGANIZATION OF FARMERS OF ESCAMBIA COUNTY

Of 845 Farmers in the County More Than One-Third Are Re-  
presented in the Farmers' Exchange, Three Hundred  
Being a Part of the Organized Work.

(By The Associated Press)

After organization of little more than one month, the Escambia County Farmers' Exchange is functioning well, and farmers of the county are beginning to realize some practical results from its operation, among which are the recent purchase of a carload of Irish seed potatoes and the purchase of a carload of ground limestone for use in fertilizing.

The farmers' exchange was organized about the middle of December, and of the 845 farmers in the county, more than one-third are represented in the organization, 300 members being a part of the organized work. An evidence of the effects of cooperation in the county was shown last year, when from 11 carloads of produce shipped from this county in 1920, there were 75 carloads in 1921. It is estimated that at least 250 carloads will be shipped this year, and some of the more optimistic of the farmers predict from 500 to 1,000.

The exchange has for its purpose the cooperation and coordination of the forces of the different localities represented, and the establishment of means through which the county will get quantity production.

The organizations which make up the association are the Farmers' Mutual association of Cottage Hill, represented at the organization meeting by George Huebeck and George Meade; the Escambia County Cooperative Growers' association, represented by W. W. Wyatt and George Voorhees; the Bluff Springs Truckers' association, W. R. Reid and J. T. Fillingim; West Florida Truckers' association of McDavid, represented at the meeting by W. O. Patty; Farm as-

sociation of Beulah, R. P. Jernigan and S. A. Garrett; Truckers and Farmers' association of Walnut Hill, by K. Graham; Business Park society, by Pete Hensel and W. H. Johnson.

The organization meeting was held at Molino, and since that time several meetings have been held, but it is not so much from the meetings, but in the practical work that is accomplished that the association draws its strength.

The fact that seven county organizations were represented at the first meeting, and that the interest in the exchange is growing, indicates that its value will be realized to an even greater extent as time goes on.

Representatives of the car men were appraised of the ruling of the city attorney tonight, but as yet have made no steps to combat it. They will hold a meeting tomorrow morning, at which time the matter will be taken up and discussed. The city attorney gave the men until Friday to secure the licenses and furnish bond.

With the service over the electric lines practically paralyzed, Richmond depended upon the carmen's jitneys and automobiles operated by private individuals for transportation. It is estimated that nearly 1,000 automobiles, including the 300 operated by the car men, were on the streets of Richmond today, carrying passengers.

#### MORE TESTIMONY ABOUT HANGING OF AMERICAN SOLDIERS IS PRESENTED

(By The Associated Press)

WASHINGTON, Jan. 18.—Testimony relating to alleged brutality toward enlisted men in home and foreign prison camps was presented today to the senate committee investigating charges that American soldiers had been hanged without trial in France.

There was no evidence bearing on the charge of illegal hangings. Five of 10 witnesses expected to testify concerning this phase of the inquiry were summoned, but they did not appear, a report by the senate sergeant-at-arms showing that four of them could not be located.

Called as a witness after telegraphing Senator Watson, democrat, Georgia, that he knew of the killing of three soldiers, Bruce Bennear of Elk Garden, W. Va., said he had knowledge of his own as to such crimes. A reply pressed by members of the committee as to his reason for making conflicting statements, Bennear explained that he had written the telegrams and that a small town operator, rewriting them with the view of eliminating unnecessary words, had made him say what he did not mean.

In conducting the examination, Chairman Brandegee gave the witnesses all the time they wanted, but in some instances was unable to get a "yes" or "no" answer to direct questions as to whether privates alleged to have been beaten up in prison camps had been actually killed.

The hearing will be resumed tomorrow.

George Simore, George Papayanis and Constantine Constanti, members of the crew of the schooner, are being held charged with violating the prohibition law. Officers are searching for two other members of the crew.

Officers today declared they were working on a theory that the bodies of the men found near Gulfport Monday were members of the crew of the schooner William Tell.

#### PREMIER LLOYD GEORGE MAY QUIT BECAUSE OF CABINET DIFFERENCES

(By The Associated Press)

LONDON, Jan. 18.—The London Times says that the cabinet differences were so acute at the last week-end that there was a possibility that Premier Lloyd George would withdraw from the government and hand the reins to Austen Chamberlain, who heading a united unionist party, would have a working majority of about 100 in the house of commons, from which the Sinn Fein members still remained absent.

#### INQUIRY INTO CONCESSIONS IN CHINA LEFT OUT

French, Seconded by Japanese,  
Renewed Objections to Re-  
opening the Question.

#### CHINKS RESERVED RIGHT TO CALL IT UP LATER

American Delegates Do Not Con-  
sider Eliminated Article  
of Vital Importance.

(By The Associated Press)

WASHINGTON, Jan. 18.—The American open door program was accepted in part today by the Far Eastern committee of the arms conference, but approval was given only after elimination of the provision which would have specially authorized an inquiry in existing concessions in China.

The French, renewing their objection to reopening the whole field of concessions granted in the past, were seconded by the Japanese, and the proposal finally was thrown out entirely at the suggestion of the British. The Chinese reserved the right to call it up again later, but the general impression among the delegates tonight was that it had been permanently sidetracked so far as the Washington conference is concerned.

Viewed by many delegates as the most sweeping provision of the American plan, the existing concessions article was the center of debate in the committee from the moment of its presentation yesterday by Secretary Hughes until finally it was stricken out today, various delegates opposing it on the ground that it might lead to an almost endless inquiry into the validity of the maze of economic arrangements now in force throughout China. For the American delegation, however, it was said tonight that the eliminated article was not considered of vital importance, since remaining provisions of the plan would permit examination of existing concessions where both parties agreed to it.

As adopted, the open door resolution, which contains a mutual pledge not to seek spheres of influence or monopolies in China in the future, and authorizes creation of an international board of reference with power to investigate and report on any case which seems to involve violation of the principle of equal economic and commercial opportunity.

Turning to the problem of railway control in China, the committee laid the ground work for tomorrow's discussions by hearing two resolutions proposed for promoting equitable development of Chinese rail facilities. The first, introduced by Sir Auckland Geddes of the British delegation, would pledge the powers against discriminatory practices on roads under their control. The other presented by Secretary Hughes, would express a hope that the transportation lines in China might be welded eventually into a unified system under Chinese control.

In neither of the proposals was there exception made in regard to the Shanghai or Manchurian lines, now under Japanese supervision, but the committee recognized the separate status of the Chinese eastern railway by referring that whole subject to a special subcommittee.

(Continued on Page 2.)

#### THE WEATHER TODAY

Pensacola and Vicinity—Cloudy with local rains Thursday, much colder Thursday night; Friday fair and colder, cold wave.

Winds—East Gulf: Fresh southerly winds, generally cloudy, local rains over north Thursday; West Gulf: Fresh shifting winds becoming strong north, overcast and probably rain Thursday.

U. S. Weather Report.  
Pensacola, Fla., Jan. 19, 1922.

Sunrise ... 6:45 a.m.  
Sunset ... 5:35 p.m.  
Moonrise ... 1:00 a.m.  
Next phase of the moon, last quarter, Jan. 19.  
Next high tide about 1 a. m. (20th).  
Next low tide about 1 p. m. (20th).  
Yesterday's Weather.  
Temperature—Dry Wet  
7 a.m. ... 58 58  
12 noon ... 61 59  
7 p.m. ... 60 64  
Mean ... 59  
Mean same date last year, 56.  
Accumulated excess this year to date, 52.  
Highest of record this time of year, 75.  
Lowest of record this time of year, 15.  
Rain—  
For 24 hours ending 7 p. m. 0.  
Total for this month to 7 p. m. 2.41.  
Normal for January, 4.94 inches.  
Accumulated deficiency this year to date, 0.03.  
Humidity—  
7 a.m. 100 12 noon 51 7 p.m. 50  
Barometer—  
7 a.m. ... 30.00 7 p.m. ... 30.01  
Hourly Temperatures—  
6 a.m. ... 50 1 p.m. ... 61  
7 a.m. ... 52 2 p.m. ... 61  
8 a.m. ... 57 3 p.m. ... 64  
9 a.m. ... 59 4 p.m. ... 64  
10 a.m. ... 59 5 p.m. ... 64  
11 a.m. ... 60 6 p.m. ... 64  
12 noon ... 62 7 p.m. ... 64